

Vilas County Lumber Co. Sawmill Equipment The best practice was to have 3 to 4 times the daily production of logs in a Hot Pond. Logs would have been bucked to 16-18 foot lengths in the pinery for the standard 16 foot production length at the Vilas County Lumber Company.

m A | Jack Ladder - an endless chain conveyor with dogs inside a "V" shaped inclined trough to convey logs from the Hot Pond to the second floor Sawmill Log Deck.

B Geared Log Jacker assembly mechanism - Jack Ladder chain drive.

a, b, & c are steam operated.

Log Deck - there would be a few logs on both sides of the inclined Log Deck ready to be "turned" onto a Carriage. Log Kickers - throws log to one side or the other of the inclined Log Deck.

Log-stop/Loader - prevents log from rolling on the carriage till wanted.

Oscillating Log Turner Bar - turns/flips log onto a carriage. Overhead Log Turner – chief means of turning large diameter and length logs.

Saw - overhead swing cut-off - was hung from the ceiling to cross cut (trim) logs not having been cut properly in

3-Block (right hand and left hand) Saw Carriages - moving frame on which mechanisms are mounted for holding

Set-works - moves Knees a "set" distance pushing the logs sideways for lumber thickness through a Pinion

Steam Feed "Shotgun" Cylinder - a piston mechanism that moves carriage frame back and forth when saw-

Band (right hand and left hand Head Saw) Saw Mills - thin continuous metal blade that saws slabs and cants from H Live (powered) Rolls (30" wide by 60' long shown) - moves cants from Head Saw to K Edger or the rear of the

Live (powered) Rolls (30" wide by 30' long shown) - moves cants from Head Saw to K Edger or Timbers and Cross

Transfer Chain - mechanical cross endless roller chain when activated by a foot pedal raised the chain above the

K Edger Saw with Front Table - saws Cants to rough widths. Cants are pushed over Dead (un-powered) Rolls by

Gang Trimmer Saw - saws boards to finished length for Green Chain which ran on the Grading and Sorting Dock

Slasher Saw - overhead lath slasher saws Slabs, edgings and other poor grade lumber into laths, fuelwood. And,

V Sash-Gang (rip) Saw - saws Slabs and cull lumber too large for Lath Mill into sizes that can be cut by the Lath Mill.

Z Refuse Drag Conveyor - moves unusable wood to a Refuse Burner. Also equipment such as Sawdust Blowers and

Typical Sawing 2nd Floor Equipment list of a Sawmill with Two (2) Single-Cutting Band Head Saws, of the VCLCo era.

a log while sawing it (The Setter 3 sitting & two Doggers 4 "holding on" rode this carriage).

the pinery, operated by the 2 Cant-hook man.

Spring Carriage Bumpers.

d.

line shaft.

Steam Exhaust

Sawmill 2nd floor on the left side.

Ties out to the Timber Dock,on the right side.

hand, through feed rolls into circular rip saws. L Screw Rolls - for dumping Slabs to be ground by a M Hog.

<u>Lumber Assorting Transfer Table</u> - to Trimmer.

unusable wood for the Refuse Burner.

rollers to transfer lumber sideways from Live Rolls.

Steam Exhaust and Air Cushion Carriage Bumpers, or

Head-block and Knee - holds and "dogs" a log to the carriage.

M Hog – grinds up unusable wood to a suitable size for Power House fuel wood. N | High Speed Rolls - carries the rough cut lumber from the tail end of the Edger.

Endless Chain Conveyor - 360' long on Grading and Sorting "Green Chain" deck. Sorting Deck - final grading and assorting before transporting to the Drying Yard.

X Lath Slide - built on site for sliding bundles of Lath through a small wall opening. Y Deck - Timber & RR Cross Tie loaded onto flat or gondola RR cars for shipment.

T | Slab Table - potential wood accumulated for Lath Mill or Gang sash Saw. Lath Binder/Trimmer - binds and saws rough lengths of lath to a length of 48%".

W Lath Mill - cuts appropriate size wood into ½" x 1½" Lath.

Drags were used throughout the mill to get rid of such waste.